





MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

NFPA

I. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer: WD-40 Company

1061 Cudahy Place (92110) Address: P.O. Box 80607

San Diego, California

92138-0607

Telephone:

Emergency Only:

1 (800) 424-9300

(CHEMTREC)

Information:

(619) 275-1400

Chemical Name:

Organic Mixture

Trade Name:

WD-40 Bulk Liquid

II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name

Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates Petroleum Base Oil

Non-hazardous Ingredients

CAS Number

8052-41-3

64742-65-0

0/0 70

> 20

100 ppm PEL

5 mg/M³ TWA (mist)

Exposure Limit

ACGIH/OSHA

< 10

III. PHYSICAL DATA

Boiling Point:

Vapor Density (air = 1):

Solubility in Water:

Specific Gravity (H₂0 = 1): Percent Volatile (volume): 300°F (minimum)

Greater than 1 Insoluble

.800 @ 70°F

74%

Evaporation Rate:

Vapor Pressure:

Appearance:

Odor: VOC:

Not determined

Not determined Cloudy light amber Characteristic odor

568 grams per liter

IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION

Flash Point:

Flammable Limits:

Extinguishing Media:

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Tag Open Cup 110°F (minimum)

(solvent portion) [Lel] 1.0% [Uel] 6.0%

CO2, Dry Chemical, Foam

None

None

V. HEALTH HAZARD / ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY

Threshold Limit Value

Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates (Stoddard solvent) lowest TLV (ACGIH 100 ppm.)

Symptoms of Overexposure

Inhalation (Breathing): May cause anesthesia, headache, dizziness, nausea and upper respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact:

May cause drying of skin and or irritation.

May cause irritation, tearing and redness. Eve Contact: Ingestion (Swallowed): May cause irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

First Aid Emergency Procedures

Ingestion (Swallowed): Do not induce vomiting, seek medical attention.

Eve Contact:

Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.

Skin Contact:

Wash with soap and water.

Inhalation (Breathing): Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen.

DANGER!

Aspiration Hazard:

If swallowed can enter lungs and may cause chemical pneumonitis. Do not induce

vomiting. Call Physician immediately.

Suspected Cancer Agent

Yes____ No__ X

The components in this mixture have been found to be noncarcinogenic

by NTP, IARC and OSHA.

	VI. REACTIVITY DATA									
	Stability: Conditions to avoid: Incompatability: Hazardous decomposition prod	ucts:	Thermal de	dizing materials ecomposition may	Unstable					
	Hazardous polymerization:		and/or cart May occur	oon dioxide.	Will not occu	ırX				
	VII. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES									
	Spill Response Procedures Absorb small quantities with sand, earth, sawdust. Large quantities pump into tank. Waste Disposal Method Incinerate liquid, bury saturated absorbent in land fill. Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.									
	VIII. SPECIAL HANDLING INFORMATION									
	Ventilation: Sufficient to ke Respiratory Protection: Advised when Protective Gloves: Advised to pre									
_	IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIO	NS								
Γ	Keep from open flame, do not		Avoid exces	ssive inhalation of	spray particles. Keep fro	om children.				
L	X. TRANSPORTATION DA	ATA								
	Domestic Surface Description: Petroleum Distillates N.O.S. Hazard Class: Combustible Liquid ID No.: UN 1268 Packaging Group: III Label Required: NONE, for containers less than 100 Gallons Domestic Air Description: Petroleum Distillates N.O.S. (Stoddard Solvent) Hazard Class: 3 UN 1268 PGIII Label Required: Flammable Liquid									
XI. REGULATORY INFORMATION										
	All ingredients for this product are listed on the TSCA inventory. SARA Title III chemicals: None California Prop 65 chemicals: None CERCLA reportable quantity: None RCRA hazardous waste no: D001 (Ignitable)									
	SIGNATURE: R. Miles REVISION DATE: October	Wiles)	TITLE:SUPERSEDES: _	Technical Director August 1992					
Г	A = Not applicable	NDA = No dat	a available	Application of the second seco	Less than	> = More t				

D-40 Technical Data.

Physical Characteristics

APPEARANCE COLOR ODOR

SPECIFIC GRAVITY VISCOSITY

FLASH POINT (MINIMUM) PERCENT NON-VOLATILE (MINIMUM)

Clear or slightly cloudy Light amber Very slight characteristic pleasant odor .800 ± .020 at 72° F.

27.5 ± 1.0 sec. Zahn # 1 at 72°F. 110°F. TOC

22% by weight

PERCENT VOLATILE (MAXIMUM) POUR POINT

LOW TEMPERATURE STABILITY

COVERAGE BOILING POINT (INITIAL) WEIGHT, applied coating THICKNESS

OPERATING TEMPERATURE

78% by weight aliphatic petroleum distillate Less than -100° F

Excellent

600 to 1000 sq. ft. per gal. 300°F (minimum) 3.4 x 10⁻⁴ lbs./sq. ft. .0001 to .0003 inch -50°F to 300°F

Properties

CORROSION PROTECTION:

(on freshly sanded mild steel panels)

EXPOSURE Humidity (JAN-H-792) Salt Spray (FED STD 151) Salt Spray (FED STD 151)

RESULTS No rust after 1000 hours No rust after 50 hours Rust beginning after 100 hours

Under actual conditions the duration of protection obtained using WD-40 will vary with the type of material being protected and the conditions of exposure. Generally, on mild steel the protection under various conditions will be approximately as

- 1. Covered or indoor storage 1 year or longer
- 2. Protected exterior storage 6 months to 1 year
- 3. Normal exterior exposure 30 to 60 days
- 4. Severe exterior exposure 15 to 30 days (on or very near the beach, subject to high humidity, salt spray and salt fog) If longer protection is desired, WD-40 should be lightly reapplied when necessary.

LUBRICATION: Dynamic coefficient of friction

BEARING PRESSURE 100 psi	COEFFICIENT 0.112	TEST Heat treated 4340 steel		
1000 psi	0.114	with normal blue oxide		
2000 psi	0.129	film against itself lubricated		
3000 psi	0.138	with WD-40		
4000 psi	0.145			

ELECTRICAL: Dielectric strength ASTM D-877 12,000 V. per 0.100 in.

Contact resistance ASTM B-182 modified

CONTACT

M/D 40

	BARE CONTACTS	TREATED CONTACTS	RESISTANCE OF FILM
before cycling	0.0066	0.0083 ohm	0.0017 ohm
after 5 cycles	0.0067	0.0085 ohm	0.0018 ohm
after 100 cycles after 1000 cycles after 20,000 cycles	0.0069	0.0086 ohm	0.0017 ohm
	0.0074	0.0085 ohm	0.0011 ohm
	0.0083	0.0098 ohm	0.0016 ohm

Effect on Materials

GENERAL: Nearly all materials react to WD-40 as they would to high grade aliphatic petroleum spirits with the same exposure, i.e., spray, quick dip or prolonged immersion. WD-40 contains no silicone, teflon or chlorofluorocarbons.

RUBBER: No visible effects on surfaces of various types of rubber sprayed with WD-40. Certain types of rubber will swell upon prolonged immersion in WD-40.

HIGH STRENGTH STEELS (for hydrogen embrittlement): Certified SAFE according to the Lawrence Hydrogen Effusion Test.

FABRICS: The following fabrics were exposed to WD-40 with no effect, except slight staining which was readily removed with naphtha or dry cleaning solvent: Nylon, Orlon, Wool, Dacron,

PAINTED SURFACES: Many types of paint on various surfaces have been exposed to WD-40 with no effect. Wax polishes and certain wax coatings may be softened by WD-40.

PLASTICS: The following plastics were immersed in WD-40 for 168 hours with no visible effects:

Polyethylene Polypropylene **Formica** Acrylic

Epoxy Vinyl

Delrin

Polvester Nylon Teflon

Clear polycarbonate and polystyrene may stress craze or crack in contact with WD-40.

WD-40 and the Environment

WD-40 is a positive contributor to the preservation of the environment. Here are a few facts about WD-40 and the environment:

- WD-40 does not contain Chlorofluorocarbons (CFC's), HCFC's, Halon's or 1.1.1. Trichlorethane (Methyl Chloroform); chemicals that are alleged to contribute to the depletion of the stratospheric
- WD-40 contains no known cancer causing chemicals.
- Aerosol containers are sealed so their contents can't leak, spill or become contaminated.
- WD-40 cans contain recycled steel and when empty can be recycled again.
- WD-40 cans are shipped to our customers in recycled corrugated cartons.
- WD-40 Company uses recycled paper whenever possible in our advertising materials.
- In June, 1991, WD-40 replaced "styrofoam peanuts" foam used for packaging with eco-foam made of 95% cornstarch.
- By extending the usage of equipment and postponing its disposal, we save natural resources and energy while reducing the generation of solid waste.

USDA APPROVED (H-2 Classification)

DANGER: COMBUSTIBLE. HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. Contains petroleum distillates. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Call physician immediately. Use in ventilated area. Keep from children.